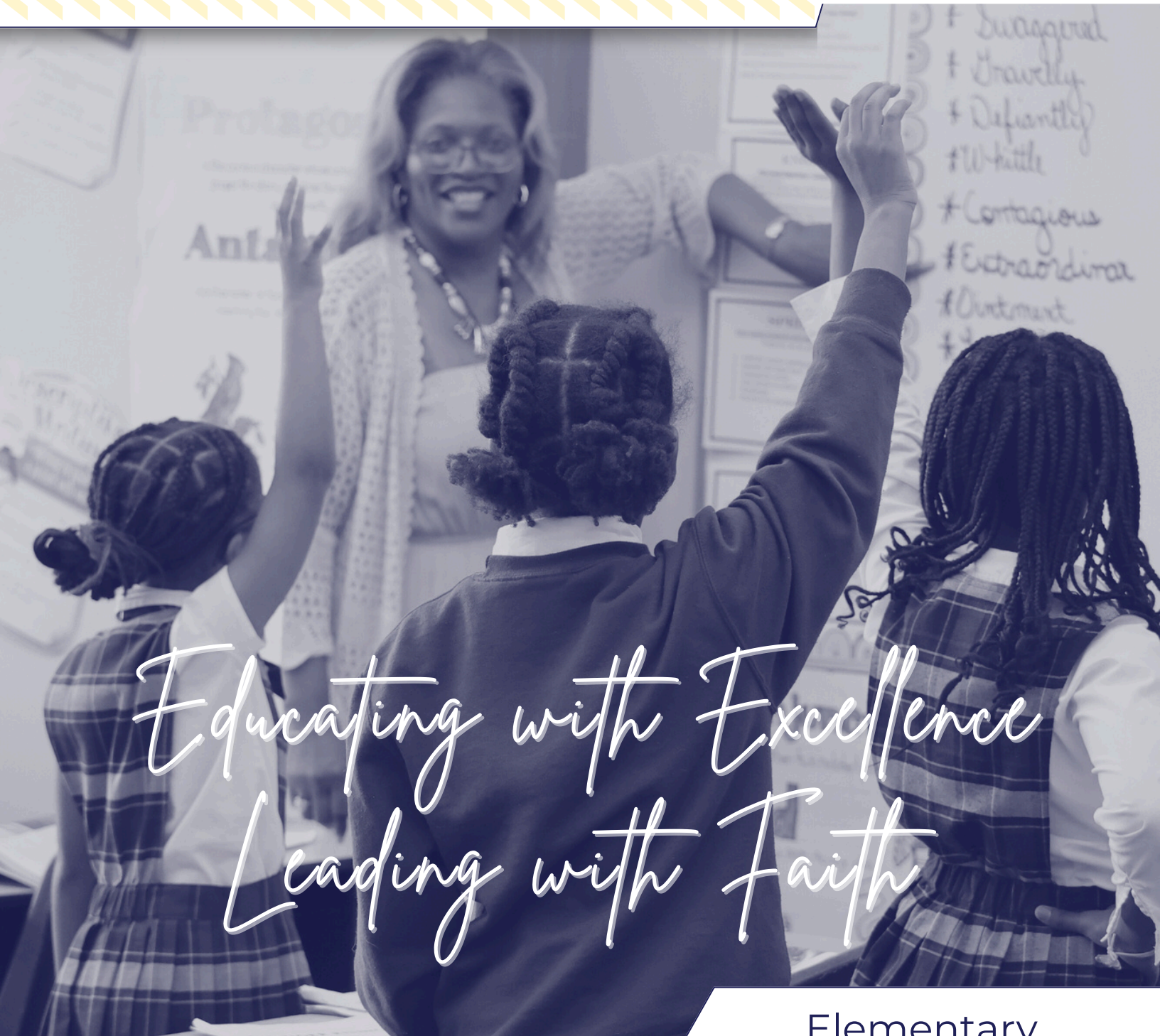




Curriculum Guide

2025-2026



*Educating with Excellence
Leading with Faith*

Elementary
K-4



Kindergarten Course Descriptions

BIBLE:

Kindergarten students learn age-appropriate Bible stories about God's love, creation, and important people like Noah and Jesus. They discover that God cares for everyone and wants us to be kind and obey Him. Through songs, stories, and activities, children begin to understand God's plan and how to live in a way that pleases Him.

ELAR:

In kindergarten, students learn to recognize letters and their sounds, and start reading grade-level words. They listen to stories, talk about what they hear, and build vocabulary. They also begin writing by drawing, dictating, or writing letters and words. Kids practice speaking and listening to share their ideas clearly.

MATH:

Kindergarteners learn to count, read, and write numbers up to 100 and understand how numbers are used in everyday life. They begin adding and subtracting using objects and pictures. Children explore shapes, sizes, patterns, and how to compare things like length or weight. They also learn to collect and sort data using simple charts or graphs.



SCIENCE:

Kindergarteners explore the world using their five senses and learn to ask questions, make observations, and investigate. They study weather, seasons, and how objects move and change. Students learn about plants, animals, and the basic needs of living things. They also explore Earth materials like rocks, soil, and water.

SOCIAL STUDIES:

Kindergarteners learn about themselves, their families, and their communities. They explore important holidays, symbols, and leaders from the past and present. Students begin to understand maps, rules, and the purpose of jobs. They also learn about being a good citizen and how people work together in a community.



Kindergarten Electives

ART:

Kindergarteners explore art by using different materials like crayons, paint, and clay. They learn to create shapes, lines, and colors to express their ideas. Students observe and talk about their own artwork and the art of others. They also learn to take care of art tools and clean up their workspaces.

MUSIC:

Kindergarteners explore music by singing songs, playing simple instruments, and moving to rhythms. They learn to listen carefully and recognize different sounds, pitches, and beats. Students enjoy making music with others and express themselves through singing and movement. They also start to understand basic music concepts like steady beat and high and low sounds.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION:

Kindergarteners practice essential movement skills like running, jumping, and throwing. They learn to follow simple rules and work with others during games and activities. Students develop coordination, balance, and body control through fun exercises. They also begin to understand how being active helps keep their bodies healthy.

SPANISH:

Kindergarteners begin to listen, speak, and respond to simple Spanish words and phrases. They learn basic greetings, numbers, colors, and everyday vocabulary through songs, games, and stories. Students practice understanding and using Spanish in fun and meaningful ways. They also develop an interest and appreciation for the Spanish language and culture.

TECHNOLOGY or MAKER SPACE:

Kindergarteners learn to use age-appropriate technology tools like a mouse and keyboard. They explore introductory programs and digital tools to create and learn. Students practice following rules for using technology safely and respectfully. They also begin to understand how technology helps us in daily life.

OR

In Maker Space, students engage in hands-on, creative problem-solving through activities like building, designing, and experimenting. They learn to collaborate, think critically, and apply STEM concepts in real-world contexts. Maker Space fosters innovation, resilience, and a growth mindset by encouraging students to explore ideas and learn from trial and error.

1st Grade Course Descriptions



BIBLE:

First graders listen to Bible stories about God's love, Jesus' life, and the early church. They learn about following God, being kind, and praying. Through stories, songs, and activities, children begin to understand God's promises and how to live a life that honors Him.

ELAR:

First graders build reading skills by sounding out words, reading with fluency, and understanding what they read. They grow their vocabulary, talk about stories, and learn to ask and answer questions. Students write short stories, letters, and lists using complete sentences. They also practice listening, speaking, and sharing their ideas clearly with others.

MATH:

First graders learn to read, write, and compare numbers up to 150. They solve basic addition and subtraction problems and understand place value (ones and tens). Students explore shapes, time, money, and how to measure and compare length. They also collect, sort, and use data in simple graphs.

SCIENCE:

First graders ask questions, make predictions, and explore the world through hands-on investigations. They learn about seasons, weather, and how objects move and change. Students study the needs of plants and animals and how they live in different environments. They also explore natural resources like water, rocks, and soil.

SOCIAL STUDIES:

First graders gain knowledge about families, communities, and important people from history. They explore maps, holidays, symbols, and how rules help keep us safe. Students learn about jobs, making choices, and how people earn, spend, and save money. They also talk about being responsible citizens and helping their community.



1st Grade Electives

ART:

First graders use different art materials to create drawings and paintings. They learn about basic art elements like lines, shapes, colors, and textures. Students explore how to express ideas and feelings through their art. They also talk about their own artwork and learn to appreciate the art of others.

MUSIC:

First graders sing songs and play instruments to explore rhythm, pitch, and melody. They learn to listen carefully and identify different musical sounds and patterns. Students move to music to feel the beat and express themselves. They also begin to understand basic music terms and enjoy making music with others.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION:

First graders practice movement skills like running, jumping, throwing, and catching. They learn to follow rules and work cooperatively in games and group activities. Students develop strength, coordination, and balance through fun exercises. They also begin to understand the importance of staying active for good health.

SPANISH:

First graders listen to and understand core Spanish words and sentences. They learn basic vocabulary like greetings, numbers, colors, and family words through songs, stories, and activities. Students practice speaking and responding in Spanish with support. They also begin to explore Spanish-speaking cultures and enjoy using the language.

TECHNOLOGY or MAKER SPACE:

First graders use foundational technology to complete simple tasks. They learn to navigate programs and use digital tools for learning and creating. Students practice using technology safely and responsibly. They also explore how technology helps us solve problems and share information.

OR

In Maker Space, students engage in hands-on, creative problem-solving through activities like building, designing, and experimenting. They learn to collaborate, think critically, and apply STEM concepts in real-world contexts. Maker Space fosters innovation, resilience, and a growth mindset by encouraging students to explore ideas and learn from trial and error.

2nd Grade Course Descriptions

BIBLE:

Second graders study Bible stories about God's love, Jesus' teachings, and important people in the Bible. They learn how to trust God, follow His guidance, and show kindness to others. Through stories, memory verses, and activities, students grow in their faith and understanding of living for God.

ELAR:

Second graders improve their reading by sounding out words, reading with expression, and understanding what they read. They explore different types of texts, like stories and nonfiction, and learn to talk and write about them. Students write longer sentences and short paragraphs with correct punctuation and spelling. They also practice listening, speaking, and sharing their ideas clearly with others.

MATH:

Second graders work with numbers up to 1,000, learning to add, subtract, and understand place value. They solve word problems using addition, subtraction, and basic multiplication concepts. Students explore money, time, measurement, and 3D shapes. They also collect and organize data using charts and graphs.



SCIENCE:

Second graders ask questions and explore through hands-on investigations. They learn about plants, animals, and how living things depend on their environments. Students study weather patterns, the water cycle, and Earth's natural resources. They also explore motion, force, and changes in matter.

SOCIAL STUDIES:

Second graders learn about communities, their history, and how people work together. They study important national holidays, symbols, and leaders. Students explore maps, geography, and how people use resources. They also learn about rules, government, and being responsible citizens.



2nd Grade Electives

ART:

Second graders experiment with different art materials to create drawings, paintings, and designs. They learn about color mixing, patterns, and basic art techniques. Students express their ideas through their artwork. They also discuss their creations and learn to appreciate art from different cultures and times.

MUSIC:

Second graders sing, play instruments, and move to music to explore rhythm, melody, and dynamics. They learn to listen carefully and identify different sounds, patterns, and musical elements. Students begin to read simple music symbols and express feelings through music. They also enjoy creating and performing music with others.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION:

Second graders build skills in running, jumping, throwing, and catching with more control. They learn to follow rules, take turns, and work as a team in games and activities. Students improve coordination, balance, and strength through different exercises. They also understand how regular physical activity helps keep their bodies healthy and strong.

SPANISH:

Second graders listen to and understand simple Spanish conversations. They learn vocabulary about everyday topics like family, school, and community. Students practice speaking, explore Spanish-speaking cultures, and use the language in fun, meaningful ways.

TECHNOLOGY or MAKER SPACE:

Second graders use computers to create projects and find information. They learn to use software tools like drawing and writing programs. Students practice safe and responsible use of technology. They also explore how technology helps with learning, problem-solving, and communication.

OR

In Maker Space, students engage in hands-on, creative problem-solving through activities like building, designing, and experimenting. They learn to collaborate, think critically, and apply STEM concepts in real-world contexts. Maker Space fosters innovation, resilience, and a growth mindset by encouraging students to explore ideas and learn from trial and error.

3rd Grade Course Descriptions

BIBLE:

Third graders explore Bible stories about God's plan, Jesus' life and teachings, and the early church. They learn about faith, obedience, and sharing God's love with others. Through stories, memory verses, and activities, students deepen their understanding of God's Word and how to live according to His teachings.

ELAR:

Third graders read more challenging stories and nonfiction to understand the main ideas and details. They build vocabulary and use clues to figure out new words. Students write paragraphs with clear ideas, correct punctuation, and spelling. They also practice listening and speaking skills to share their thoughts and ideas with others.

MATH:

Third graders work with numbers up to 100,000 and learn to add, subtract, multiply, and divide. They solve word problems using these operations and understand place value. Students explore fractions, measurement, area, and perimeter. They also collect and organize data using graphs and understand basic concepts of time and money.



SCIENCE:

Third graders explore living things, including how plants and animals grow and change. They learn about energy, motion, and forces through hands-on activities. Students study Earth's natural resources, weather, and the water cycle. They also investigate the properties of matter and how things change.

SOCIAL STUDIES:

In 3rd grade Social Studies, students learn about communities, both past and present, in the context of geography, history, government, and economics. They explore the significance of local, state, and national leaders and symbols, and study how individuals and groups have impacted their communities over time. Students also begin to understand basic economic concepts, map skills, and the importance of good citizenship.



3rd Grade Electives

ART:

Third graders experiment with various art materials and techniques to create their own artwork. They learn about elements like color, texture, shape, and space to make more detailed pieces. Students express ideas and emotions through art and start to understand different styles and cultures. They also talk about and reflect on their own art and the work of others.

MUSIC:

Third graders sing and play instruments to explore rhythm, melody, harmony, and dynamics. They learn to read and understand basic music symbols and patterns. Students listen to different styles of music and talk about what they hear. They also create and perform music.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION:

Third graders practice more advanced skills like running, jumping, throwing, and catching with accuracy and control. They learn to work well with others by following rules and cooperating in team games. Students develop strength, flexibility, and coordination through a variety of activities. They also understand the benefits of staying active for their health and fitness.

SPANISH:

Third graders listen to and understand short Spanish conversations and stories. They learn vocabulary and phrases about everyday life, like family, school, and hobbies. Students practice speaking, reading, and writing simple sentences in Spanish. They also research cultural traditions from Spanish-speaking countries and enjoy using the language in real-life situations.

TECHNOLOGY or MAKER SPACE:

Third graders use technology to create projects, find information, and solve problems. They learn to use different software tools for writing, drawing, and presenting. Students practice using technology safely, responsibly, and respectfully. They also investigate how technology connects people and supports learning.

OR

In Maker Space, students engage in hands-on, creative problem-solving through activities like building, designing, and experimenting. They learn to collaborate, think critically, and apply STEM concepts in real-world contexts. Maker Space fosters innovation, resilience, and a growth mindset by encouraging students to explore ideas and learn from trial and error.

4th Grade Course Descriptions



BIBLE:

Fourth graders study Bible stories about God's plan, Jesus' ministry, and the growth of the early church. They learn about faith, obedience, and living out Christian values. Through Bible lessons, memory verses, and activities, students grow in their understanding of Scripture and how to apply it in their daily lives.

ELAR:

Fourth graders read a variety of texts, including stories and informational books, to understand key ideas and details. They learn new words and use context clues to figure out meanings. Students write clear paragraphs and essays with correct grammar, punctuation, and spelling. They also practice speaking and listening to share ideas and work well with others.

MATH:

Fourth graders work with larger numbers and learn to add, subtract, multiply, and divide with ease. They explore fractions and decimals and solve word problems using these concepts. Students learn about shapes, angles, area, and perimeter. They also collect, organize, and interpret data using graphs and charts.

SCIENCE:

Fourth graders investigate living things, including ecosystems and how organisms interact. They explore energy, electricity, and forces through experiments. Students study Earth's resources, weather patterns, and the solar system. They also learn about changes in matter and the properties of materials.

SOCIAL STUDIES:

In 4th-grade Social Studies, students focus on the cultural geography of the fifty states and five territories. Students examine the history of each state and their territories, as well as American history. Students analyze individual actions, pivotal decisions, and cultural movements from a biblical worldview.

4th Grade Electives



ART:

Fourth graders use a variety of materials and techniques to create detailed artwork. They learn about art elements like color, form, texture, and space to express their ideas. Students explore different art styles, cultures, and history. They also reflect on their own work and discuss the meaning and techniques in others' art.

MUSIC:

Fourth graders sing and play instruments to explore more complex rhythms, melodies, and harmonies. They learn to read music notes and symbols to help with performance. Students listen to a variety of musical styles and discuss what makes each unique. They also create, perform, and respond to music both alone and in groups.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION:

Fourth graders refine movement skills like running, jumping, throwing, and catching with precision. They work cooperatively in team sports and activities, following rules and showing good sportsmanship. Students build strength, flexibility, coordination, and endurance through varied exercises. They also learn how regular physical activity supports lifelong health and wellness.

SPANISH:

Fourth graders understand and participate in conversations and stories in Spanish about daily life and interests. They build vocabulary and use sentences to talk about family, school, and community. Students practice reading and writing in Spanish with more confidence. They also learn about cultural traditions from Spanish-speaking countries and enjoy using Spanish in meaningful ways.

TECHNOLOGY or MAKER SPACE:

Fourth graders use technology to research, create, and present information. They practice using a variety of software tools for writing, drawing, and organizing ideas. Students practice safe, responsible, and ethical technology use. They also explore how technology helps solve problems and connect with others.

OR

In Maker Space, students engage in hands-on, creative problem-solving through activities like building, designing, coding, and experimenting. They learn to collaborate, think critically, and apply STEM concepts in real-world contexts. Maker Space fosters innovation, resilience, and a growth mindset by encouraging students to explore ideas and learn from trial and error.